

ABDSM Examination Content Areas

- 1. Understand the physiology of sleep, medical consequences of sleep disordered breathing (SDB) and co-morbidities
 - Physiology and pathophysiology of sleep (including neurophysiology)
 - Signs and symptoms of SDB
 - Predisposing factors for SDB
 - Prevalence, progression and impact of SDB in both the treated and untreated patient
 - SDB and gender
 - SDB and age including potentiation of disease with age
- 2. Understand SDB and sleep testing in order to effectively manage patients who have been diagnosed with SDB.
 - Normal sleep architecture and respiratory parameters on polysomnography
 - Pathologic sleep architecture and respiratory parameters on polysomnography
 - How polysomnogram results predict treatment (behavioral therapies, CPAP, oral appliance, surgery, etc.) success/failure
 - Differences between PSG and HSAT, indications for each, and differences among various sleep testing modalities
 - Various other types of sleep testing (MSLT, MWT, etc.) their purpose, method and indication
 - Role of portable monitoring devices in dental sleep medicine including data analysis, interpretation and indications
- 3. Demonstrate knowledge of published research on alternatives for treatment of sleep disordered breathing.
 - CPAP therapy
 - Surgical therapeutic options
 - Behavioral therapeutic methods (positional therapy, sleep hygiene, weight loss, cognitive behavioral therapy, etc.)
 - Other emerging therapies (pharmacology, EPAP, HNS, exercises, etc.)
 - Combination therapy
 - Oral appliance therapy compared to CPAP
 - Oral appliance therapy compared to non-PAP interventions

- 4. Completing and interpreting a thorough dental sleep medicine history, examination and appropriate imaging in order to determine the patient's candidacy for therapeutic intervention.
 - Effects of obesity, drugs/medications, alcohol, smoking and other factors on the upper airway
 - Other sleep-related problems (narcolepsy, RLS, PLMD/S, insomnia, etc.), including the relationship between SDB and concomitant sleep-related issues
 - Medical comorbidities (hypertension, cardiovascular disease, metabolic syndrome, GERD, etc.)
 - Review of systems
 - History of present illness including impact on others
 - Effect of sleep position on sleep disordered breathing
 - Self-reported and sleep observer measures using questionnaires (quality of life measures, Epworth, Berlin, etc.)
 - Components of a comprehensive examination
 - Correlating the findings on history, exam and testing with the proposed therapy
 - TMD and bruxism assessment, prevalence, as well as their relationship with sleep disorders
 - Coordinating multi-disciplinary care and communication with physicians
 - Informed consent and ethics
- 5. Select oral appliances based on their purpose, physical features and function, as well as apply proper fitting techniques.
 - AASM/AADSM Clinical practice guidelines for oral appliance therapy in the treatment of obstructive sleep apnea and snoring
 - AADSM protocols and definitions for oral appliance therapy
 - Mechanism of action and physiologic impact of oral appliance on the upper airway
 - Indications for oral appliance therapy
 - Sleep habits, anatomic factors, dexterity, reflexes, and other factors that may influence compliance
 - Attributes and limitation of multiple appliance design features
 - Guiding patient decision making based on history, exam, prospective tests, and patient preferences
- 6. Assess effectiveness, manage potential side effects and titrate oral appliance.
 - Role of patient history in guiding the oral appliance adjustment process
 - Impact of treatment on signs and symptoms
 - Impact and management of other side effects related to oral appliance therapy
 - Impact and management of TMD, orthopedic and occlusal side effects
 - Objective measures during follow-up examination
 - Assessing for optimal timing of objective testing
 - Sleep study protocols for confirming oral appliance efficacy and therapeutic calibration
 - Oral appliance effectiveness and limitations of therapeutic optimization
 - Monitoring compliance

- 7. Management and long-term follow-up of patients in oral appliance therapy
 - Impact of weight change, medication change, sleep hygiene/quantity, etc., with concurrent ongoing oral appliance therapy
 - Relevance and documentation of changes in patient history, as well as self-reported and sleep-observer measures
 - Treatment modification related to progressive nature of SDB
 - Confirming appliance stability and care
- 8. Understand breathing disorders of sleep in children and adolescents, as well as the diagnostic and treatment options for management of these patients.
 - Prevalence of snoring and obstructive sleep apnea in children
 - Etiology and physiology of snoring and obstructive sleep apnea in children
 - Diagnosing children for snoring and obstructive sleep apnea
 - Differences between sleep disordered breathing in children and adults
 - The relationship between sleep disordered breathing and medical and behavior disorders
 - Treatment of snoring and obstructive sleep apnea in children and adolescents including surgical options, CPAP, rapid palatal expansion and orthodontic treatment